DESIGNING COPTAS AS A COFFEE LEAF DISEASE DIAGNOSTIC APPLICATION BASED ON MACHINE LEARNING

THESIS

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Sarjana Pendidikan in the English Language Education Study Program



WRITTEN BY:

Caku

Student ID: 200407124

STKIP PERSADA KHATULISTIWA
ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION STUDY PROGRAM
SINTANG
2024

APPROVAL SHEET

Name

: Caku

Student ID

: 200407124

Study Program

: English Language Education

Title

: Designing Coptas As A Coffee Leaf Disease Diagnostic

Application Based On Machine Learning

This thesis has been approved by the advisors and has met the requirements and is considered feasible to be submitted to the thesis examination.

Sintang, 17 July 2024

Advisor I

Advisor II

Sijono, M.Pd

NIDN. 1115028901

Tuti, M.Pd

NIDN. 1105108302

The Dean of STKIP Persada Khatulistiwa Sintang

Didin Syafruddin, S.P. M.Si

NIDN/1102066603

RATIFICATION

A Thesis entitled "Designing Coptas as a Coffee Leaf Disease Diagnostic Application Based on Machine Learning" was arranged by:

Name

: Caku

Student ID

: 200407124

Study Program : English Language Education

Defended before the Board of Examiners on July 17, 2024, and declared acceptable

Examiners:

No	Name	Occupation	Sign
1.	Ilinawati, M.Pd	Chairman	Think
2.	Sijono, M.Pd	Secretary	572
3.	Ferdinanda Itu Meo, M.Pd	Member I	find.
4.	Tuti, M.Pd	Member II	T

The Dean of STKIP Persada Khatulistiwa Sintang

Didin Syafruddin, S.P., M.Si

NIDN: 1102066603

STATEMENT OF WORK'S ORIGINALITY

Except where references is made in the text of the thesis, this thesis contains no material published elsewhere or extracted in whole or in part from a thesis or any other degree or diploma.

No other person's work has been used without due acknowledgement in the main text in the thesis.

This thesis has not been submitted for the award of any degree of diploma in any other tertiary institution.

All project procedures reported in this thesis were approved by the projecter's advisors and did not break any faculty or university project ethics.

Sintang, 17 July 2024

Caku

MOTTO

"There is no success without hard work. There is no success without togetherness.

There is no ease without prayer."

Ridwan Kamil

"Change lives. Change organizations. Change the world"

Stanford's Graduate School of Business

No dream is too high. No dream should be underestimated. Soar as high as you want and reach as high as you can.

Maudy Ayunda

DEDICATION

In the name of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit, all praise and gratitude are due to Him, who has given strength, patience, and perseverance in completing this thesis. All praise and thanks are due to the Lord Jesus Christ.

This thesis is dedicated to:

First, the writer dedicates this thesis to beloved parents, Father Paulus Aban and Mother Margarita Awi. Secondly, the writer extends heartfelt gratitude to the entire extended family, who consistently provide unwavering support in all endeavours.

ABSTRACT

Caku. Designing Coptas As A Coffee Leaf Disease Diagnostic Application Based On Machine Learning. Thesis. English Language Education Study Program of STKIP Persada Khatulistiwa. Advisor I: Sijono, M.Pd. Advisor II: Tuti, M.Pd.

Keywords: machine learning, coffee leaf, disease diagnosis, mobile application

COPTAS is a machine learning-based application designed to diagnose coffee leaf diseases such as rust, miner, and phoma, and identify healthy leaf conditions. In addition, COPTAS provides appropriate treatment recommendations based on the diagnosis results. The development of this application uses the ADDIE model, which consists of five stages: Analysis, Design, Development, Implementation, and Evaluation. This application aims to improve accuracy in the diagnosis of coffee leaf diseases while overcoming the limitations of manual methods that are time-consuming and prone to human error. Evaluation was conducted through two stages: internal testing by the development team and external testing through presentations in front of mentors and other teams at Bangkit Academy. Based on the evaluation results, COPTAS proved effective in analyzing coffee leaf diseases and providing accurate diagnosis results. Overall, the app functions well and is reliable. Further development is recommended, especially in improving the user interface and expanding the scope of disease types that can be diagnosed, so that the benefits for coffee farmers are optimized.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Praise and gratitude to God Almighty who has bestowed His grace and gifts so that The writer has successfully completed the thesis entitled "Designing Coptas As A Coffee Leaf Disease Diagnostic Application Based On Machine Learning." During the writing of this thesis, the writer acknowledges receiving a lot of help, support, advice, and encouragement from various parties. The completion of this thesis relies heavily on the valuable advice and input from various parties to the writer. Therefore, through this writing the writer would like to thank:

- 1. The Chair of the English Language Education Study Program and all lecturers of the English Language Education Study Program of STKIP Persada Khatulistiwa Sintang have been instrumental in providing knowledge and motivation to the writer throughout the learning process. Thank you for your guidance and support from the first semester to the last semester. Thanks to all the guidance and guidance, the writer can survive and complete this thesis. The writer expresses gratitude for all lecturers' continued blessings and grace.
- 2. Sijono, M.Pd, as the first advisor, and Tuti, M.Pd, as the second advisor, have provided guidance and direction to the writer to ensure the proper completion of this thesis.
- PT Dicoding Akademi Indonesia, which has given the writer the opportunity to participate in the Bangkit Academy program, learn, and receive training in machine learning.

4. Dewi Mutiara Sari, S.ST., M.Sc as DPP who has helped in filling out

documents and reports during the Bangkit Academy program and also this

thesis.

5. Rais Ilham Nustara for his guidance and support as a mentor during the

Bangkit Academy program and this thesis.

6. The Capstone Team deserves recognition for their cooperation in working on

the final project at Bangkit Academy 2024.

7. To all my friends in the English Language Education Study Program, thank

you for being together from the beginning to the end of this semester.

8. Finally, thank you to all those who have supported and assisted the writer in

completing this thesis.

Sintang, 17 July 2024

Caku

TABLE OF CONTENS

APPROVAL SHEET	ii
RATIFICATION	iii
STATEMENT OF WORK'S ORIGINALITY Error! Bookmark	not defined.
MOTTO	v
DEDICATION	vi
ABSTRACT	vii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	viii
TABLE OF CONTENS	x
LIST OF TABLES	xiii
LIST OF FIGURES	xiv
LIST OF APPENDICES	xv
CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION	1
A. Research Background	1
B. Research Questions	3
C. Research Purposes	3
D. Research Significances	4
E. Limitations of the Research	5
F. Terminology	6
1. COPTAS	6
2. Coffee Leaf Diseases	6
3. Diagnostic Application	6
4. Machine Learning	7

CHAPTER II	LITERATURE REVIEW	8
A.	Machine Learning	8
	1. The definition of Machine Learning	8
	2. Types of Machine Learning	9
	3. Deep Learning and Convolutional Neural Network	10
B.	Coffee Crops	12
	1. Coffee Varieties	12
	2. Coffee Leaf Diseases	13
	1) Rust	13
	2) Miner	14
	3) Phoma	15
C.	Applications in Plants Disease Diagnostics	15
D.	Company Overview	17
E.	Company History	18
F.	Vision, Mission, and Company	19
G.	Organizational Structure	20
H.	Job Description in the Machine Learning	21
I.	Related Studies	22
CHAPTER III	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	24
A.	Research Design	24
B.	Project Time and Location	25
	1. Analysis	25
	2. Design	25
	3. Development	26
	4. Implementation	26

	5. Evaluation	. 26
C.	Product Based Project Validation Phase	. 27
	1. Project Plan Submission	. 27
	2. Assessment by Bangkit Academy	. 27
	3. Revision and Approval	. 27
	4. Project Approval	. 28
D.	Product Trial	. 28
	1. Internal Trial Phase	. 28
	2. External Trial Phase	. 28
CHAPTER IV	RESULT AND DISCUSSION	. 29
A.	Research Result	. 29
B.	Discussion	. 40
CHAPTER V	CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	. 42
A.	Conclusion	. 42
B.	Suggestion	. 43
DEFEDENCE		11

LIST OF TABLES

Table	
4. 1 Schedule, Task, Project Scope, and Deliverables	31

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Page)
2. 1	Rust Leaf	4
2. 2	Miner Leaf	5
2. 3	Phoma Leaf	5
2. 4	Plantix Application	6
2. 5	Agrio Application 1	6
2. 6	Crop Doctor Application	7
2. 7	Bangkit Academy	7
2. 8	Bangkit Academy Organization Chart	0
4. 1	COPTAS's Logo	3
4. 2	Userflow and Wireframes	3
4. 3	Datasets	3
4. 4	InceptionV3's Performance	4
4. 5	Classification Report	5
4. 6	Confusion Matrix	6
4. 7	Coptas's Cloud Architecture	7
4. 8	Final Result of the COPTAS Application	8

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appe	ndix Pag	ge
1.	Letter of Acceptance	47
2.	Learning Management System	48
3.	Instructor Led Training Tech	50
4.	Instructor Led Training Soft Skill	51
5.	Instructor Led Training English	52
6.	Logbook Kampus Merdeka	53
7.	Dashboard Bangkit	56
8.	Certificates of Course Completion	57
9.	Project Plan	64
10.	Advisors	71
11.	Meeting with Cloud Computing Advisor	72
12.	Meeting with Business Advisor	73
13.	Meeting with Team	74
14.	Presentation and Peer Review Session	75
15.	Team's Final Capstone Project Grades	76
16.	Graduation Letter	77
17.	English Test Result	78
18.	Certificate of Graduation from Bangkit Academy	79
19.	Transcript of Grades From The Bangkit Academy Program	80
20.	Certificate of Participation in the 6th MSIB	81

REFERENCES

- Ángel C, C., Marín-Ramírez, G., & Maldonado, C. (2023). Genome sequence of Hemileia vastatrix Berk. and Br. (Race I), the *Journal of Clinical Microbiology Journal Homepage*, 1-4.
- Santiago, M. S., Viveros, G. S., Adame, L. H., Contreras, J. C., Castro, A. S., & Contreras, R. G. (2023). Essential Oils and Antagonistic Microorganisms as. *MDPI*, 2-15. Retrieved from https://doi.org/10.3390/
- Amuthachenthiru, K. M., Kaliappan, M. D., & Vimal, S. D. (2024). *Futuristic Trends in Artificial Intelligence Volume 3 Book 3*. IIP Series. doi:https://www.doi.org/10.58532/V3BKAI3P3CH8
- Aparecido, L. E., Lorençone, J. A., Lorençone, P. A., Torsoni, G. B., Lima, R. F., Chiquitto, A. G., . . . Rolim, G. d. (2023). Climate Change and Phoma spp. Leaf Spot of Arabica Coffee: A CMIP6 Modeling Approach. *Revista Brasileira de Meteorologia*, 2-25. Retrieved from http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/0102-77863810041
- Badawi, A., & Ramadhan, K. F. (2023). Analisis Dempster Shafer Dalam Mendiagnosa Penyakit Coffea Canephora (Kopi Robusta). *Journal of Information System Project (JOSH)*, 1. doi:10.47065/josh.v4i4.3818
- Branch, R. M. (2008). *Instructional Design: The ADDIE Approach*. New York: Springer.
- Chandigarh Group of Colleges, Jhanjeri, Mohali, Punjab. (n.d.). *homepage*.

 Retrieved from Crop Doctor: www.cropdoctor.in
- Dantas, J., Motta, I., Vidal, L., Bilio, J., Pupe, M. J., Veiga, A., . . . Albuquerque, É. V. (2020). A comprehensive review of the coffee leaf miner Leucoptera coffeella (Lepidoptera: Lyonetiidae), with special regard to neotropical

- impacts, pest management and control. *Preprints*, 2-25. Retrieved from https://doi.org/10.20944/preprints202010.0629.v1
- dos Santos, M. P., Neto, B. M., Neto, M. S., Cardoso, A. C., Santos, L. D., Coelho, B. S., . . . Castellani, M. A. (2023). Natural parasitism of the coffee leaf miner: climate factors, insecticide, and landscape affecting parasitoid diversity and their ecosystem services in coffee agroecosystems. *ProjectGate*, 2-15. doi: 10.1017/S0007485323000482
- Haben, S., Voss, M., & Holderbaum, W. (2023). *Core Concepts and Methods in Load Forecasting*. Springer Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-031-27852-5_4
- Huatangari, L. Q., Zúñiga, C. L., Castillo, A. E., Jacinto, R. E., Pino, M. E., Julcapoma, M. R., . . . Cabrera, A. P. (2022). Detection of Rust Emergence in Coffee Plantations using Data. *OnLine Journal of Biological Sciences*, 158-164. doi:10.3844/ojbsci.2022.157.164
- Medina, D. P., Cabrera, I. M., Cruz, R. A., Arzuaga, L. G., Portal, S. C., & Bianchini, M. (2024). A Mobile App for Detecting Potato Crop Diseases. MDPI, 2-12. Retrieved from https://doi.org/10.3390/jimaging10020047
- Motta, I. O., Dantas, J., Vidal, L., Bílio, J., Pujol-Luz, J. R., & Albuquerque, É. V. (2021). The coffee leaf miner, Leucoptera coffeella (Lepidoptera: Lyonetiidae):. Revista Brasileira de Entomologia, 2-7. Retrieved from https://doi.org/10.1590/1806-9665-RBENT-2020-0122
- Müller, A. C., & Guido, S. (2017). *Introduction to Machine Learning with Python*. United States of America: O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- Naqa, E. I., Li, R., & Murphy, M. J. (2015). *Machine Learning in Radiation Oncology*. Switzerland: Springer Cham.
- Nigam, D., Patil, A., Murari, P., & Padiya, P. (2022). Plant Disease Identification
 A portable mobile application. *ITM Web of Conferences*, 2-5. Retrieved from https://doi.org/10.1051/itmconf/20224403067

- PEAT GmbH. (2015). *homepage*. Retrieved from Plantix: https://plantix.net/id/ Saillog LTD. (2019). *homepage*. Retrieved from agrio: agrio.app
- Suhaman, J., Kamandanu, K., Aulianti, D., Adhi, M., & Amartiwi, U. (2023).

 Smart Plant: A Mobile Application for Plant Disease Detection.

 ProjectGate, 52-57. doi:10.53889/gmpics.v2.173
- Zambolim, L., Caixeta, E. T., Filho, O. G., Sera, G. H., Sera, T., Pereira, A. A., . . . Ramalho, A. R. (2024). *Breeding Programs Against Coffee Leaf Rust in Brazil: A Review.* Brazil: Canadian Center of Science and Education. doi:doi:10.5539/jas.v16n5p61